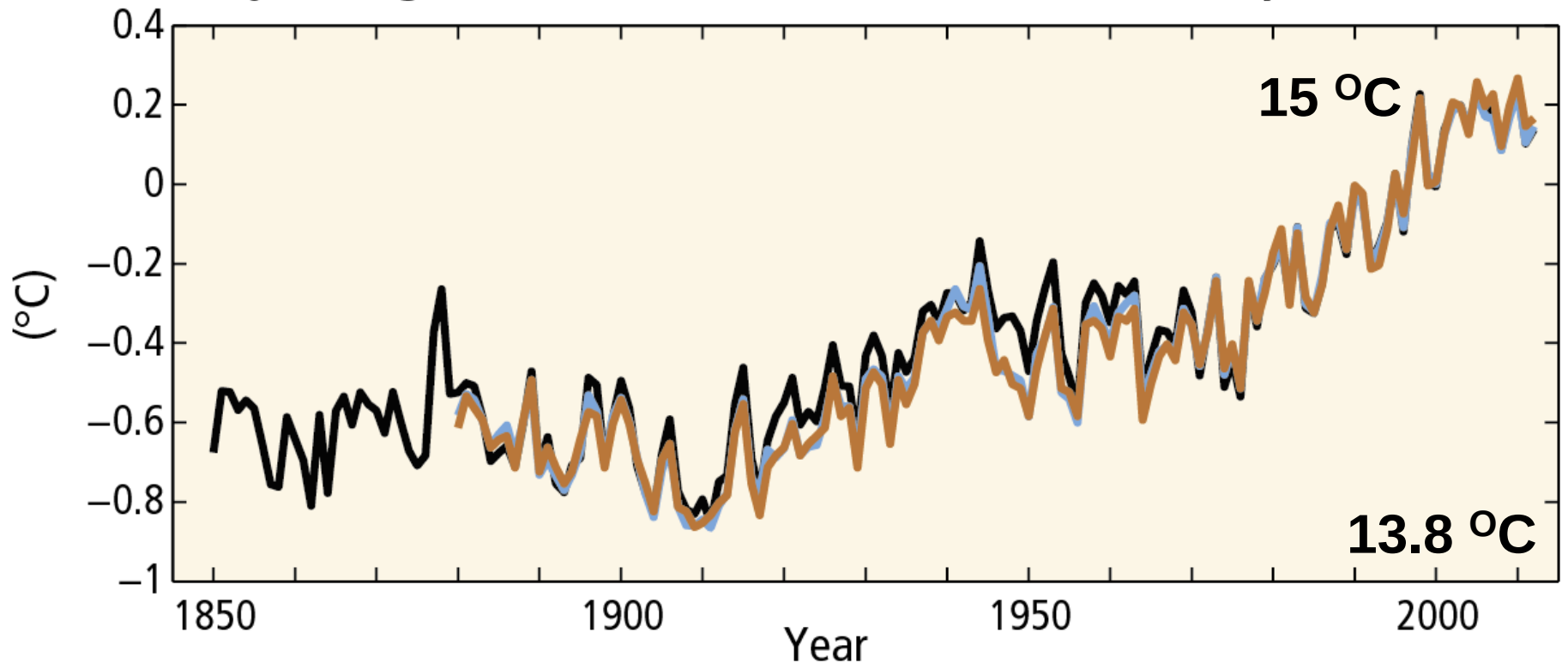


Recent climate change?

(a) Globally averaged combined land and ocean surface temperature anomaly

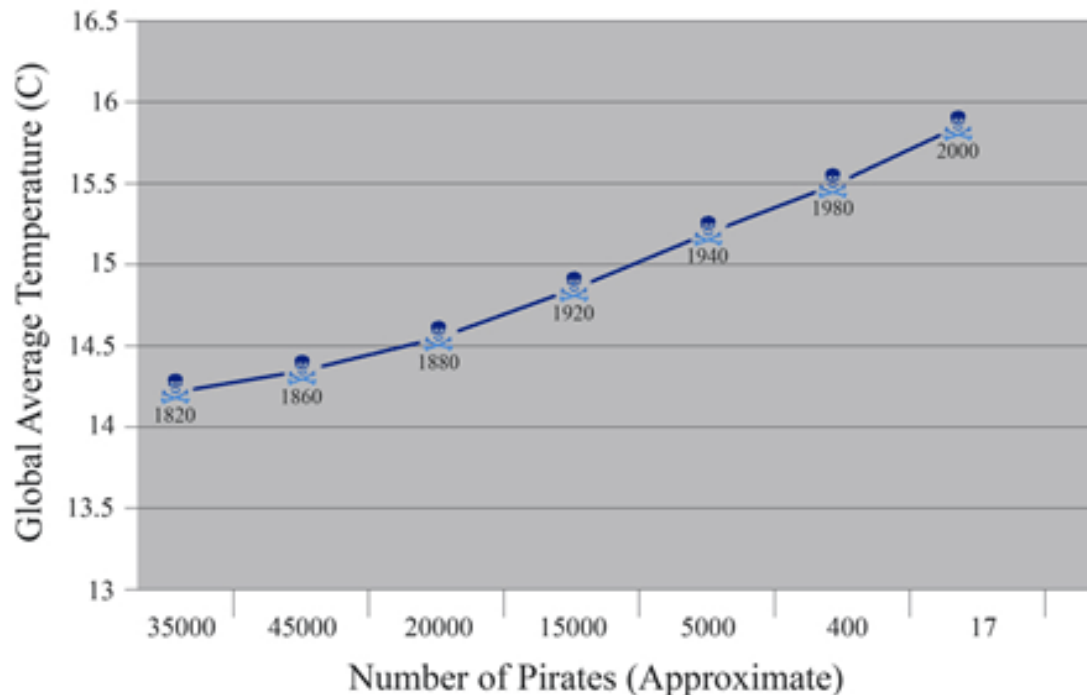


From Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change AR5 2014.

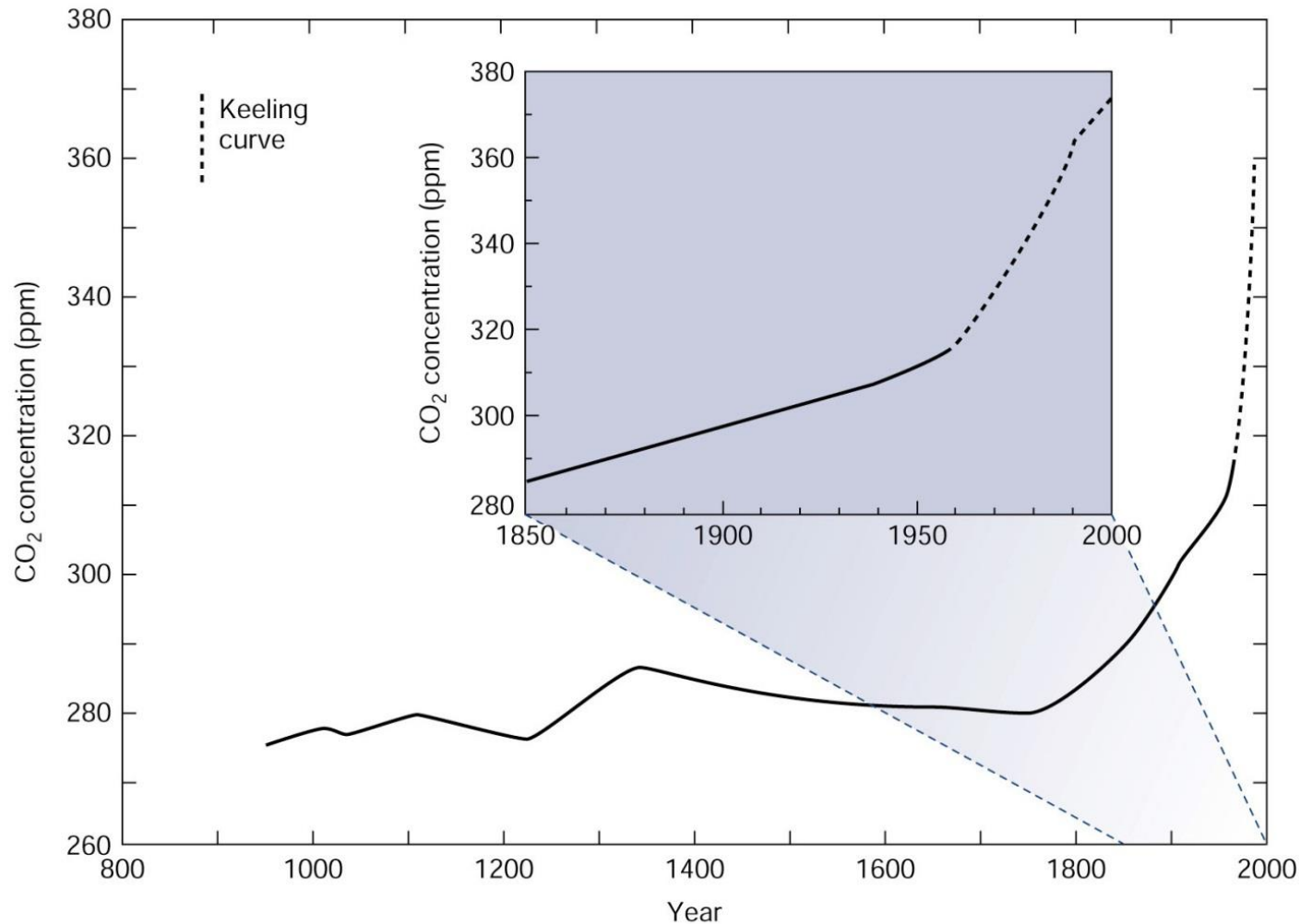
Valid Explanation?

“The decrease in pirates anti-correlates with global temperature. Thus, global warming is caused by fewer pirates.”

Global Average Temperature Vs. Number of Pirates



Due to increasing CO₂ caused by humans?



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Fig from text. Keeling Curve and Ice Core data.

Global Warming vs. Climate Change

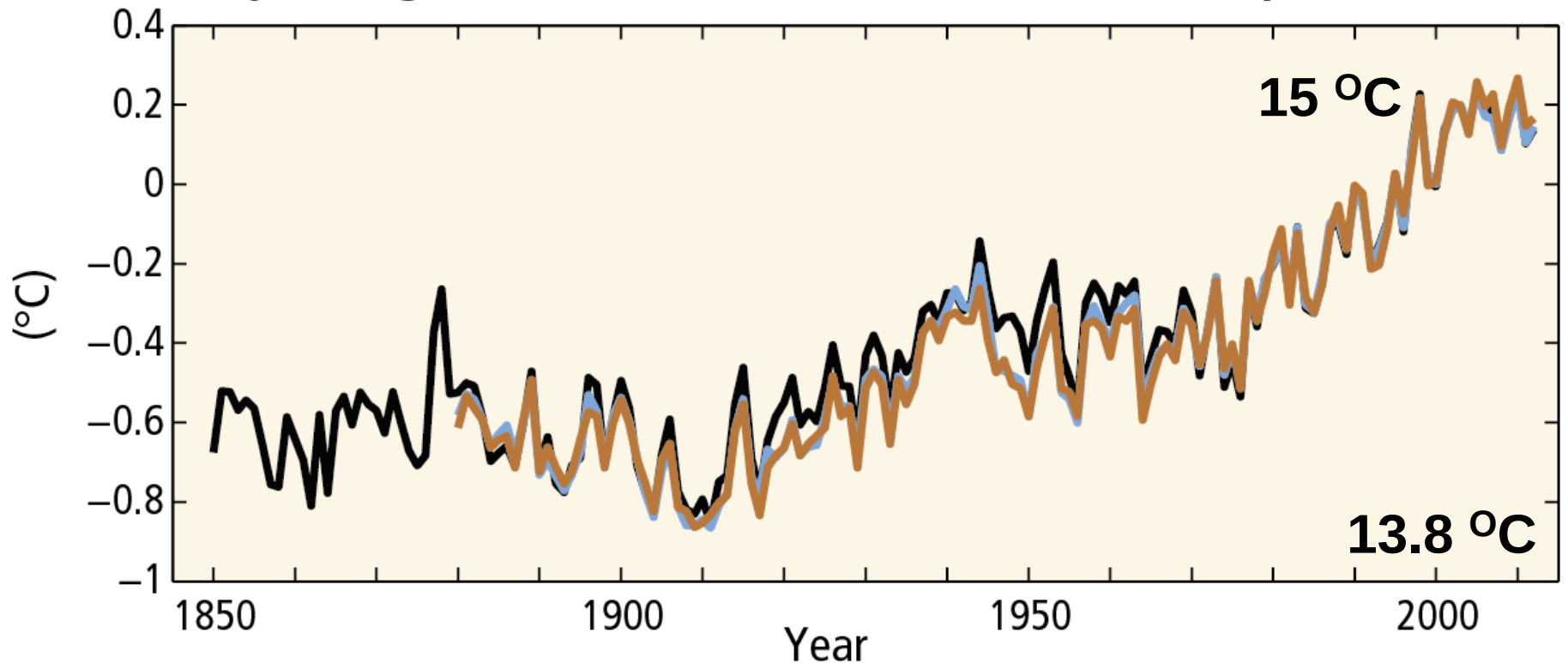
Common Usage Definition of Global Warming:

“A change of climate which is *attributed* directly or indirectly to *human activities* that alter the composition of the global atmosphere and lead to a change in the global average temperature “

See, e.g. US EPA

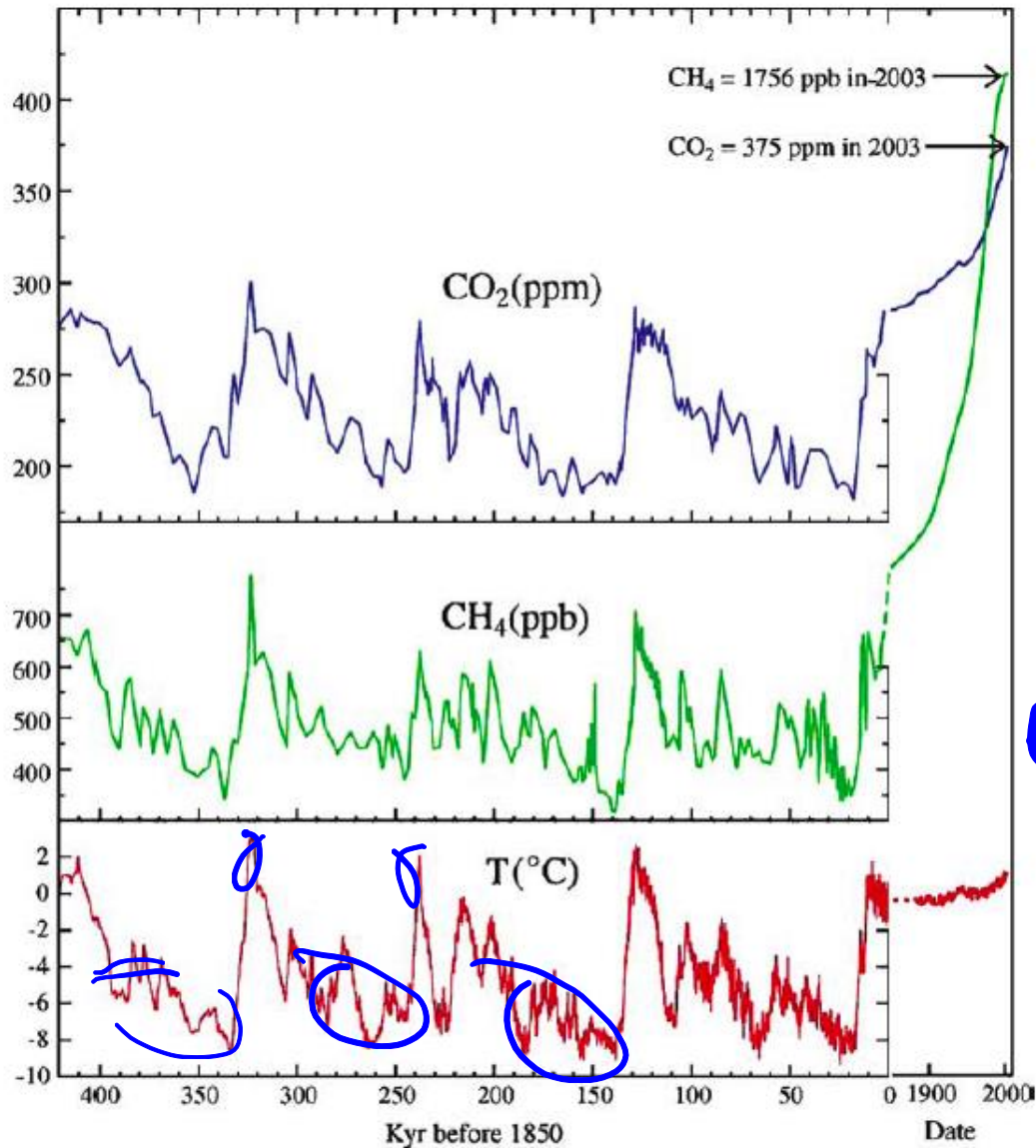
Recent climate change?

(a) Globally averaged combined land and ocean surface temperature anomaly



From Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change AR5 2014.

Climate States and Variability



Climate state
↳ general condition
the climate is in
a set of avg weather
conditions

Steady-state

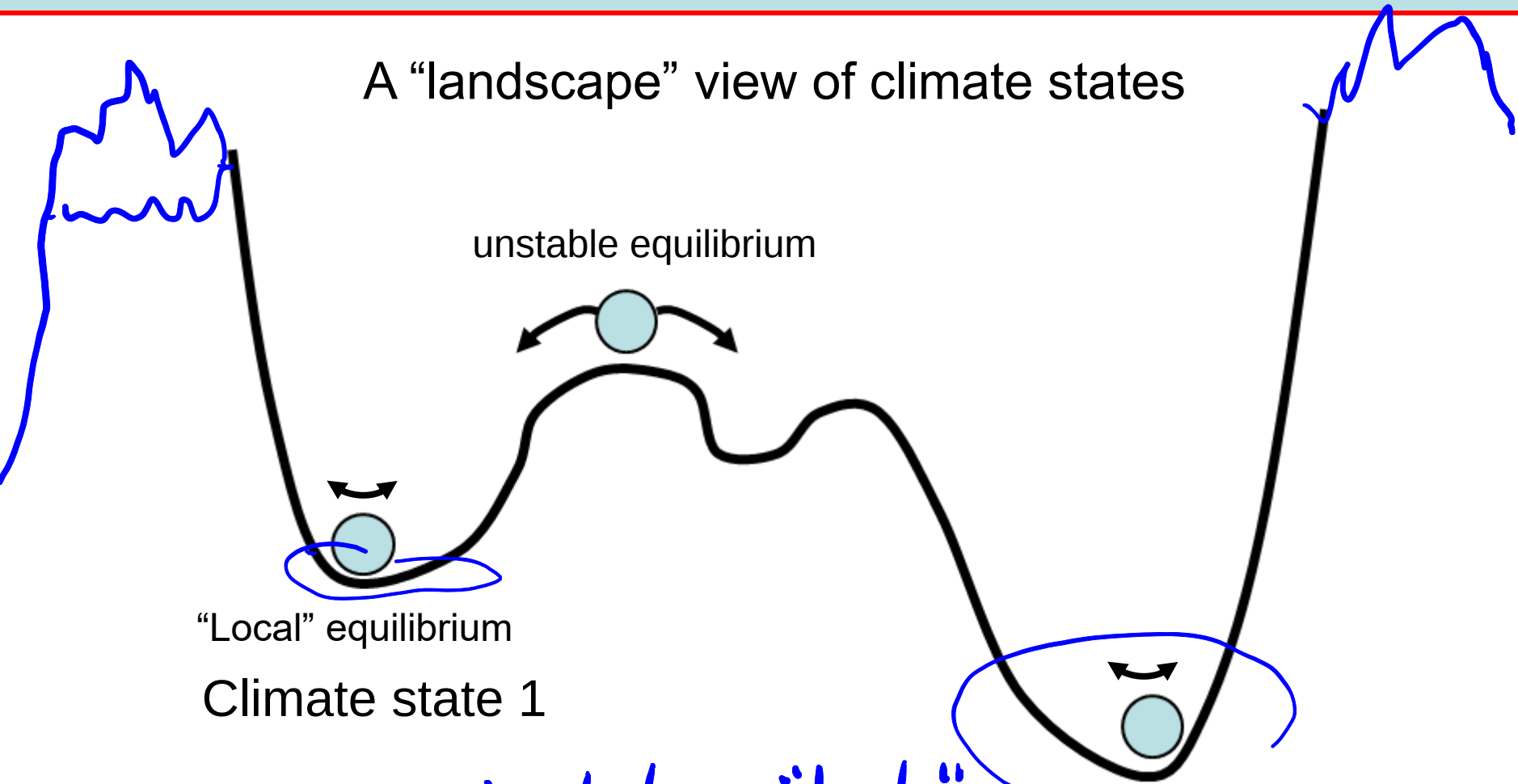
Equilibrium state
↳ a state of
lowest energy

Climate “States” and Variability

- Why is there *natural* variability in Earth’s weather, and more importantly (for this class), its climate “states”?
- Why does it seem like there are “preferred” climate states?
- Why does the Earth change between different states?

Climate States, Variability, Energy

A “landscape” view of climate states



“Local” equilibrium

Climate state 1

“Global” equilibrium

Climate state 2

Perturbations: a short-term “kick”
input of energy

Forcings: a long-term, nearly continuous push on the system

Systems and Change

- Some initial thoughts on “climate states”, change, and energy
- The Earth System
- Perturbations and Forcings
- Couplings and Feedbacks

The Earth "System"



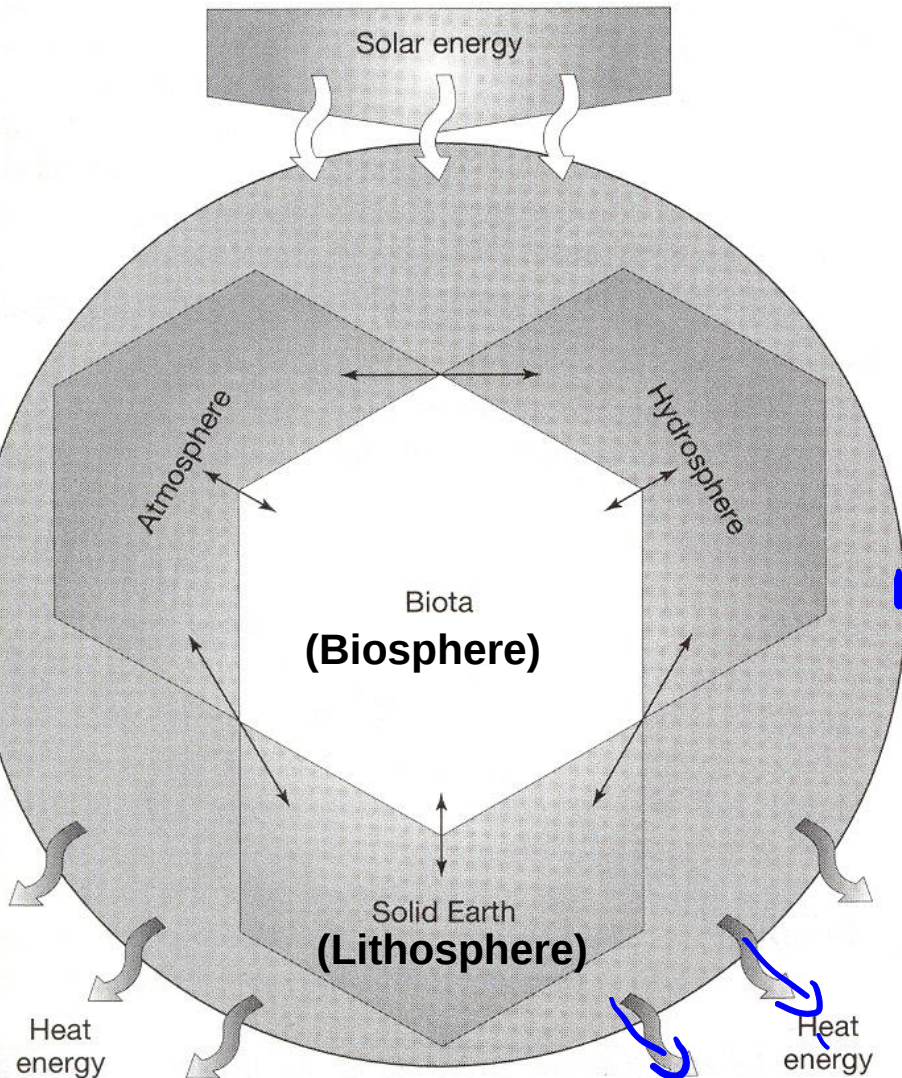
System: entity of separable but interacting parts called components

- ATMOSPHERE
- Hydrosphere
- Lithosphere
- BIOSPHERE

These components "coupled"

Earth System Components Communicate

Fig. from text



processes which exchange material or energy & therefore influence state of other components

Couplings give rise to feedbacks

negative positive
↑
Feedbacks amplify or dampen change

Feedback loops are self-perpetuating cycles of change + response

Earth System Components Communicate

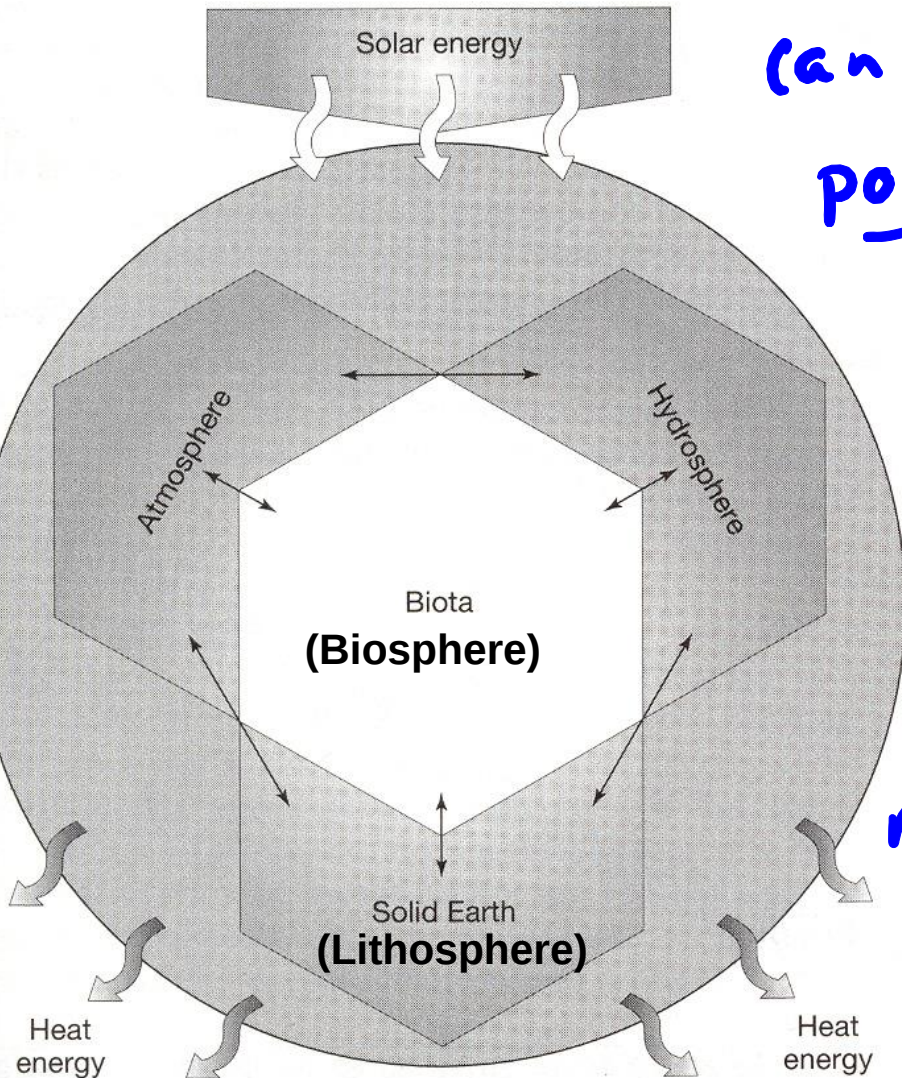
Fig. from text

Couplings

can be positive or negative
positive : a change in one component, causes a change in another component in the same direction

decrease begets increase
increase begets decrease

negative coupling
change in one causes change in opposite direction
increase begets decrease



Earth System Components Communicate

Fig. from text

Feedback Loops

Positive: an initial change causes a response which amplifies the change (in same direction) → larger overall change

→ destabilizing

Negative: stabilizing

